

COPING WITH A TRAGEDY

3 Key elements will help you survive a tragedy:

- Healthy coping skills
- Healthy support
 - system
- Healthy perspective

While things will never be the same as they were before the event, we can find strength to recover.

Indicators of Intense Stress

If you are concerned about the intensity of these symptoms in your life or someone you care about, please seek the care of a physician or a mental health professional. Call a trusted friend or seek a positive support system in your life to talk through it.

Physical Symptoms:	Emotional Symptoms:
Chills	Fear
Fatigue	Guilt
Nausea	Panic
Dizziness	Denial
Weakness	Anxiety
Rapid Heart Rate	Irritability
Difficulty Breathing	Shock
Shock Symptoms	Feeling Overwhelmed
	Loss of Emotional Control
	Sadness
Cognitive Symptoms:	Behavioral Symptoms:
Confusion	Withdrawal
Nightmares	Inability to Rest
Hypervigilance	Changes in Social Activity
Intrusive Images	Loss of or Increase in Appetite
Poor Problem Solving	Increased Alcohol Consumption
Poor Attention/Memory	

Here are some ways to bring order and calmness after the chaos and confusion that follows a tragedy:

• Retell your story

Poor Concentration Disorientation

- Reconnect in relationships
- Rebuild your routines
- Reach out to your support systems

If you need support, contact: MTSU Counseling Services

(615) 898-2670